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HUMBPACK WHALEWATCHING

3 DAYS & 2 NIGHTS TOUR TO FRANCISCO COLOANE MARINE PARK
First Chilean Marine Park

1500 USD PER PERSON
VALID UNTIL SEASON 2019-2020
INFO@WHALESONGD.COM

THE MOST COMPLETE HUMPBACK WHALE EXPERIENCE AT THE FIRST MARINE PARK OF CHILE
DAY 1
Navigation, History, Whale watching and Eco Camp accommodation
"Isla Carlos III"

Whale watching in the Marine Park Francisco Coloane meant the creation of the camp and together with the Scientific, Environmental Conservation Policies and ALL facilities in Carlos III Island camp is a possible study Having sustainable and viable.
8:00 a.m. to 8:30 a.m. - Pick up at your place of lodging.
9:00 a.m. to 9:45 a.m. - Ground transportation at shipping point "Bay Punta Carrera".
10:00 am - Navigation through the Strait of Magellan to the island Carlos III (app 8 to 10 hours depending on weather conditions navigation)
Sail against spots and historical landscapes of the Strait of Magellan and marine park " Francisco Coloane “

Fort Bulnes - Chilean Fort founded on 30 October " 1843 " on the rocky Santa Ana nose tip.

Faro San Isidro - opened in " 1904 ", its structure reaches 7.8 meters high and has a bright range of 9 nautical miles.

Mount Tarn - named after the surgeon John Tarn (UK), as this is the first to reach its summit in February 1827

Bahia el Aguila - first whaling station for the storage and treatment of whale oil, established by the company in the Brunswick Peninsula the year " 1905

Cape Froward - southernmost point of the mainland of America, Cross of the Seas " 1913 "

18:30 pm - Humpback Whale Watching
19:30 pm - Arrival at Carlos III island eco camp, welcome cocktail.
20:00 pm - Visit to the observatory eco camp, scientific talk and introduction.
21:00 pm – Dinner
DAY 2

Humpback Whale Watching, Wildlife and Glacier
Santa Ines "Francisco Coloane Marine Park"

The species has a distinctive body shape, with long pectoral fins and knobby head. It is an animal that often do acrobatic jumps on the surface and then hit the water.
08:00 am Breakfast at eco camp.
Boarding and departure 9:00 a.m. to navigation in the marine park "Francisco Coloane" visits to the following points and fauna (8 to 10 hours of exploration into canals and islands):

Observation of humpback whales "Megaptera novaeangliae" they visit us every year between the months of December and May, a record of which is carried through the technique of photo identification, we own a catalog of more than 160 individuals from "1991" the study is conducted by biologist of Whalesound "Juan Capella" who accompany us during the expedition.

Observation of colonies of sea lions, there are two colonies of sea lions that inhabit the "Otaria flavescens" and "arctophoca Australis" They can be observed during the whales accompanied navigation in headlands and fjords

Birding, you can see three well-defined groups of birds; those who live mainly in the sea, where stand those species of birds that visit the area during the summer to feed, where the most abundant the black-browed albatross "Thalassarche melanophry", Magellanic penguins, skua, chilensis Cataharacta, imperial cormorant, Phalacrocorax atricep, giant petrel, Macronectes giganteus, among others.

Visit the glacier Santa Ines, sail into the fjord "Helado" to meet the glacier Isla Santa Ines, the mass of ice and snow is located on this island, creating glaciers coming down to the sea, you can see detachments ice, deep blue

19:30 pm (arrival)- begin the return to Carlos III Island making a stop by the Barbara channel for watching humpback whales and the end of the day arriving at the eco camp for a farewell dinner
DAY 3

Islote Rupert, Whale Watching and Return

In Francisco Coloane Marine Park, three well-defined groups of birds can be observed; those that mainly inhabit the sea, where those species of birds that visit the area during the summer to feed themselves stand out, where the black-necked albatross, Thalassarchemelanophrys, which nests in sub-Antarctic and Patagonian islands, stands out for its abundance; Other species that are also abundant are the Magellanic penguin, Spheniscus mamallanicus, the skua, Cataharactachilensis, both nest during the spring and early summer on Rupert Island; in front of the Whalesound EcoCamp on Carlos III Island.
08:00 am - Breakfast in eco camp.
09:00 am - boarding, sailing around the islote Rupert, watching Magellanic Penguin.

This islote located opposite the island Carlos III, the Magellanic penguin stands with a large breeding colony at island Rupert, and to a lesser extent in Monmouth and Charles islands. The latest population estimate in 2007, gave an amount close to 19,000 animals. Other marine birds seen in large numbers, are the skuas which has the largest colony of these in the country about 12,000 Skúas.

10:00 am - Sailing back to "Bay Punta Carrera"
18:00 pm (app 8 to 10 hours depending on weather conditions navigation)
Arrival point and ground transportation to their place of accommodation.
7:30 p.m. Drop off at your accommodation
CARLOS III ISLAND ECOCAMP

- Our camp has a maximum capacity of 10 people, all our eco camp domes are double, showers and hot water 24 hours.
- The heating is generated by slow combustion heating.
T A N U is a small boat of 15 meters in length adapted for explorations and navigations long hours, its capacity is 16 people and has a low environmental impact, generates a low carbon footprint and reduces the impact of collision with cetaceans.
IT INCLUDES:

- Land and Sea transportation.
- Accommodation
- All meals and drinks.
- Towels, sleeping bags and down duvets in all its domes.
- Bilingual guide.
- Scientific lectures.